

## HERE'S THE EXACT SAMPSON REBUKE

McKinley's Dispatch to Long  
Induced by Miles's Com-  
plaint of the Admiral.

ORDER TO SAIL "AT ONCE."

Miles Wrote That Battle Ships  
Needed as Convoys Were  
Doing Petty Duties.

PRESIDENT PUTS IT BLUNTLY.

"It Is Evident That Admiral Sampson  
Is Not Proposing to Furnish  
Assistance as I Have  
Directed."

Washington, Feb. 19.—Admiral Sampson was reprimanded by the President because of his refusal to give General Miles a convoy for his troops when they wished to start from Santiago to begin the subjugation of Porto Rico.

This fact is interesting in view of the publicity given the reprimand to Schley. Schley has the advantage. He was reprimanded by Secretary Long on representations made by Admiral Sampson. The latter was reprimanded by the President on representations made by the Major-General commanding the army. In the former case the mainpring of the attack might have been professional jealousy. In the latter case the animating reason must have been the good of the country, as professional jealousy was impossible.

The friends of Admiral Schley are naturally well pleased.

### Two Interesting Letters.

The correspondence in question was submitted to the War Investigating Commission, which, with characteristic candor, ignored it. On inquiry at the War Department it develops that the dispatch from the President to Secretary Long conveying the Executive displeasure was written at the instance of the War Department and met with a protest from Secretary Long.

The incident brought on the ill-feeling between army and navy officials which has been stifled in the interest of official respect. A great deal of interesting correspondence, mostly assertion as to the files of the War and Navy departments.

Here are two dispatches which explain themselves:

### MILES'S COMPLAINT AGAINST SAMPSON.

Playa del Este, July 20, 1898.

Secretary War, Washington.

Admiral Sampson came on board the Yale this morning. He had not at that time seen the order of Secretary Long. He was furnished a copy of it and after sending it to the War Department he wrote me. I asked him to give me as strong a force of the navy as possible in the movement against Porto Rico. He said he would inform the later.

At 5 o'clock he came on board and stated that he would furnish to assist our landing the Yale and Columbia. These are the two ships with which we left Charleston, S. C. He said that the Columbia would take three or four thousand men, and the Yale would take the rest. He also said that the Columbia would take three or four thousand men, and the Yale would take the rest. He also said that the Columbia would take three or four thousand men, and the Yale would take the rest.

This assures but two vessels to cover our landing and these are loaded with troops. The Columbia and Yale could not silence a piece of artillery on shore without risking the lives of from 200 to 1,500 of Garretson's Brigade on board. This, in my judgment, is not in accordance with the order of Secretary Long—to give such assistance as is necessary for landing—or in accordance with your telegram of the 18th.

**Battle Ships Used as Tugs.**

I think you and the President should be apprised of the fact that, while these two transports, loaded with troops and munitions of war, are waiting here, a great portion of the American navy are with cannon shot of this place, and some of them actively engaged in bringing into this harbor vessels which were captured by and surrendered to the army.

There are battle ships enough here to enable us to land within cannon shot of the city of San Juan. I request that positive orders be given to the navy to cover the landing of our troops on the island of Porto Rico without delay, as that number will be there within a week.

NEILSON A. MILES,  
Major-General Commanding,  
McKINLEY'S REPRIMAND.

Executive Mansion, Washington, July 20, 1898.

Hon. John D. Long, Secretary of the Navy.

Sir—I hand you a dispatch just received from General Miles. It is evident to me from this dispatch that Admiral Sampson is not proposing to furnish the assistance as I have heretofore directed.

He should send enough ships and strong enough to enable General Miles to land his troops in safety at Point Fajardo, Cape San Juan, and to remain so long as their assistance is needed.

General Wilson has already sailed from Charleston with orders to proceed to Point Fajardo. If your conveyance is delayed he will reach Point Fajardo without any protection whatever, which must not be permitted. Wilson cannot be reached by wire. He has no guns on his ships.

The Secretary of War says that General Wilson is due to arrive at Point Fajardo in three or four days. Prompt action should be taken to give General Wilson protection on his arrival there. It seems to me a cruiser or battle ship, or both, should be detailed for this duty.

Please see that the necessary orders are issued at once.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

### DISGUISED AS A TRAMP.

Jealous Lover Who, It Is Claimed, Shot  
His Rival Is Arrested.

Waterbury, Vt., Feb. 19.—Charles Doherty, who, it is claimed, attempted to kill Fred Murphy, his rival, by shooting, was arrested at Montpelier Junction, disguised as a tramp, at an early hour this morning. Murphy was alive this afternoon with his sweetheart, Julia H. Doherty, and the physicians entertain little hope of his recovery.

### POPULAR WITH EVERYBODY

EVERYWHERE.

The Sunday Journal "Want" Ad. Maxine Prize Contest. Next Sunday's maxine consists of eight words. \$200 in prizes for the first twenty-three correct solutions received. Particulars, see page 10.

## NO SACKCLOTH AND ASHES FOR SOCIETY.



Mrs. Robert A. Osborn.

This handsome and talented society woman, from whose inventive brain sprang the dramatic breakfast idea, startled the Sunday concert under social auspices and with a charge for admission. The large attendance at yesterday's concert would seem to predict success for the others that are to come.

## Lent's First Sunday Marked by General Gayety in Which Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont's Luncheon and Biograph Party and Mr. R. A. Osborn's Sunday Concert Shone Supreme.

The first Sunday in Lent has arrived and departed, but the fact was scarcely noticeable in society circles. The gradually growing disposition of society people to make no distinction between Sunday and any other day in the week, where social enjoyments are concerned, was strikingly exemplified yesterday. In point of general gayety it was such a day from the standpoint of those seeking pleasure as might signalize the height of the joyous season. Sackcloth and ashes are certainly no longer a fashionable Lenten garb, if the developments of yesterday furnish a criterion.

Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, undoubtedly a leader in society, gave a Sunday afternoon entertainment at her home that was a novelty, consisting of a luncheon, followed by a biograph exhibition of war scenes and a concert by the orchestra. Mrs. Belmont's luncheon, which was served in the white dining room, was a most successful one. The guests, who were seated at long tables, were served with a variety of dishes, and the entertainment was a most successful one.

The concert, which was given in the small ball room of the hotel, and full half an hour before the advertised time of opening—3:30 o'clock—every chair was occupied. The program was a most successful one, and the guests were most entertained. The orchestra, which was led by Mr. Belmont, played with great skill and feeling.

At the conclusion of the luncheon about one hundred other guests came to the house, and all were invited to the drawing room, which was decorated and arranged as a theatre. The regulation biograph sheet upon which the pictures are projected hung at one end of the room and at the other was the machine, attended by the best man the company could furnish.

All of the war scenes familiar to the attendants at the continuous performance have been considered novel enough to excite comment even though it had been given on a week day. But, coming on a Sunday, and the first Sunday in Lent, when all society is supposed to be resting from the fatigues of a hard season, and getting a fresh and new start, the event was almost startling. It was the first biograph entertainment ever given in a private house in this city.

There were thirty-seven covers laid for Mrs. Belmont's luncheon, which was served in the white dining room. The guests, who were seated at long tables, were served with a variety of dishes, and the entertainment was a most successful one.

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Women predominated in the attendance about ten to one. Among those present at the concert were Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Snelling, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Kissam, General and Mrs. Henry Burner, Mrs. Daniel Bacon, Mrs. Clarence Wright, Mrs. Charles Ingersoll, Mrs. Bunyan Hopkins, Mrs. William Allen, John D. Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Harris, H. Berryman, Mrs. W. J. Hutchinson and Miss Hutchinson, of Westington, and Stevens Uman. Check by jowl with the society elect were, of course, Mrs. Mabel Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. George Cavendish Bentinck, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Harriman, Mrs. Alexander Shaw, Miss Mabel Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Condit, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay, George Meyers, Appleton Smith, Alphonso de la Roche, Henry Bull, Stuart Wing, Fred Beach and Rhinelandt Waldo.

## RAINSFORD WANTS SUNDAY

GOLF,  
CYCLING  
AND  
CROSS-  
COUNTRY  
RUNS.

ALL AIDS TO MORALITY.

Rector of St. George's Advocates  
a Wide Range of Sab-  
bath Liberality.

MANY MOTHERS SADLY NEGLIGENT

So Waste Their Time on Useless Dis-  
play, He Says, That They Don't  
Even Know Their Own  
Children.

"Too much time is spent by mothers and fathers on Sunday dinners, musicates and the like.

"Young mothers go too much into society. They get so that they don't know their own children. Let us protest against this."

These statements were made by the Rev. W. S. Rainsford, rector of St. George's Protestant Episcopal Church, in a very emphatic sermon yesterday morning, in which he talked to his congregation about the things they have left undone and the things that they do. He was so blunt that he apologized for his bluntness, which he declared was necessary, as the church must keep abreast of the times and point out such things as he spoke of.

"It is the duty of the church," said he, "to educate the children. In this parish we are very liberal in the matter of the Lord's day.

"I want the boys of the parish to hold cross-country runs on Sunday. They need the exercise. Some of them work until 10 o'clock on Saturday night, and have no chance for the physical development necessary for the healthy moral development that will bring them into a proper family life."

"This city sets the church fashion for 75,000,000 people. It is a proper rapid transit the men will be able to come to morning services and then on Sunday afternoon go out and visit their families or play golf or ride the wheel."

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"One of the best forces of the community is the school. Is it operated wisely? This church is spending \$4,000 annually on industrial education which should be given in the public schools. For it is necessary to educate the hand as well as the brain, but not only the hand and the brain, but the soul. We fail to recognize this in our schools, yet it is the cornerstone of our liberty."

"Our educators, in my opinion, have not reached the proper idea of education. You cannot train the citizen except through the soul. Such education should be given through our schools, of which I cannot find words adequate to express my high opinion. "You have got to give religious teaching in the schools. The church cannot do it. Since I came to this city forty-five churches below Twenty-third street have left the field."

"To say that the church can give this education does for an after-dinner speech for a man who has well drunk. I say it cannot be done. Will the homes do it? Do you know the homes of the poor? I do. Do the mothers and fathers do it who have the beautiful homes? Worst of all are the conditions surrounding children in hotel and boarding house life. Thousands are being brought up in total ignorance of the precepts of the Church."

"If the schools are not up to the standard in this connection what about other matters? The drama has fallen to terrible depths. Things have got so far in this city that plays that no boy or girl ought to see are allowed. We want a standard of goodness, the result of corporate effort by good men. It can be done only through the Church of God. I see great changes on the political horizon. The bath parlor is broken up and a new party will be formed. It will have for its standard the brotherhood of man."

## MRS. EDWIN GOULD HAS ANOTHER SON.



Mrs. Edwin Gould and Her Second Son.

(Photograph by Amie Dupont.)

This infant, newest heir to a share of the Gould millions, was born on February 6, but the interesting news only became known yesterday to other than the relatives and immediate friends of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould.

Anna Gould ..... 10,000,000  
Frank Gould, Jr., son of ..... 10,000,000  
Jay Gould, Jr., son of ..... 500,000  
George ..... 500,000

While the heirs were allowed only the income from their shares of the estate, it was provided in the will that upon the death of any of the children his or her share should go directly to his or her heirs. So that upon the death of Edwin Gould ten millions left him by his father, together with the income, will go to Edwin, Jr., and to little Frank Miller, probably share and share alike.

**Something About the Father.**

Edwin Gould, the father of the new claimant, has been the least written of of the Gould children. He is now thirty-two years old, and it is said, greatly resembles in appearance his father. He has inherited much of the late Jay Gould's capacity for money making. His only speculation was when as a young man he left college against his father's will and became a figure in Wall Street. In a few months he had made a fortune of a clear million in stocks. After that he quit speculation and became a director and officer in his father's companies.

He is an ardent lover of sports, and was at one time a member of the Seventy-first Regiment. In addition to his railroad interests, he is president of the Consolidated Match Company, a concern which has been about the failure of the Moores, of the Diamond Match Company. Mr. Gould's most dangerous rival.

Mrs. Gould was attended by Dr. D. H. Grandin, with Dr. Shady as consulting physician. The child is a strapping young person, who tipped the scales at nine pounds.

**MOTHER, TWO CHILDREN  
AND GUEST FOUND DEAD.**

Gas Was Turned On and the Room Was  
Littered with Empty Bottles and  
Cigarettes.

Philadelphia, Feb. 19.—Mrs. Charles Fahrenkamp, aged thirty-three years, her two children, Florence and William, aged respectively ten and nine years, and an unknown woman, aged about thirty-five years, were found dead to-day in a room in Mrs. Fahrenkamp's home, No. 1416 North Fifty-second street. The gas was turned on and life had apparently been extinct for several days. Scattered about the first floor were remnants of cigars and cigarettes and empty beer and whiskey bottles. The bodies were found by a neighbor, who had forced an entrance to the house. Mrs. Fahrenkamp was lying on the floor and her daughter nearby. The unknown woman and the boy were in bed. The last heard from the inmates of the house was on Thursday night, when the piano was kept playing, another for insurance. Mrs. Fahrenkamp's husband, who is a travelling salesman for the St. Charles Condensed Milk Company, of Chicago, left home about a week ago on business for his firm.

**BENEFIT COMPANY  
THAT INSURES HORSES.**

Twenty-seven Assessment Life Concerns  
Turn in Annual Reports at  
Albany.

Albany, Feb. 18.—New York City has twenty-seven assessment life insurance companies, ranging in membership from eight to 5,000 in number. The annual reports of these companies contain some interesting facts.

One company forbids members to drink liquor, another is for postal employees only, and another for butchers and other trades. One of the largest companies is the Catholic Mutual Benefit Association of Brooklyn, assets \$376,584.48, liabilities \$107,000. The reserve fund of this association amounts to \$262,584.48.

The most curious insurance company is that of the United Retail Grocers' Association of Brooklyn, Mutual Benefit Horse Fund, assets \$1,088.26, liabilities nothing. This concern insures the horses of members. There are 253 policies in force.

**TAKE**

care of your stomach, and your stomach will take care of your health. Take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and there will be an end to Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, Constipation and Malaria. It drives all poisons from the blood and builds up the broken-down body and shattered nervous system.

## SENATORS BALK AT THE POLICE BILLS.

Platt Is Having a Hard Time  
Whipping Them  
Into Line.

FIVE IGNORE HIS CALL

Coggeshall, Malby, Wilcox, Elsb-  
berg and Ford Decline to  
Go to His Council.

Five State Senators, two of whose votes are absolutely necessary to pass the Roosevelt-Roosevelt police bills in the upper house at Albany, failed to turn up at the Platt conference yesterday. They were Coggeshall, of Oneida; Malby, of St. Lawrence; Wilcox, of Cayuga; Elsborg and John Ford, of this city. Each one of them had been summoned to the Fifth Avenue in the morning, but not one of them heeded the summons.

Senator Platt returned to Washington in the afternoon, having accomplished nothing toward whipping the recalcitrants into line, and predictions were freely made that if a Senatorial caucus is held at all to-morrow it will be as fruitless as was that of last Thursday.

Machine men were also frank in saying that Platt will keep mum so long as the Governor persists in threatening to veto certain amendments the organization wants to have made.

Senator Malby sat at the Metropole yesterday discussing the deadlock in the Senate with a number of local leaders. "It is my judgment," said the St. Lawrence member, "that without strong pressure being brought from outside a majority of the Republican Senators would oppose the single-headed Police Commission bill in its present shape. If it is properly amended perhaps there would be some chance of its passage. But I doubt if it can pass as it was originally drawn."

"The clause authorizing the Governor to remove the Mayor and Police Commissioner I regard as in clear violation of the principle of home rule.

Senator Wilcox, who was at the Hotel Cadillac, said: "I have not told a single soul how I propose to vote on the police bills. There are certainly serious objections, however, to certain of the provisions. If the Governor gets the power to remove the Mayor and Police Commissioner, what advantage can he get? The full Republican vote in the Senate?"

The negative votes of Malby and Wilcox alone would defeat the bill. Neither of these Senators owes his nomination or election to Governor Roosevelt or Senator Platt. Indeed, they complained during the recent campaign that the Republican State Committee gave them no help whatever and that had it not been for strong local support Wilcox at least might have fallen of a return.

Both Malby and Wilcox have certain local appropriation bills, the passage of which they desire. They are willing to agree to support the Governor's pet measures, especially the police and the \$7,000,000 deficiency bill.

Senator Coggeshall spent a part of yesterday with friends among the police officials. They inferred from what he told them that there was little danger at present of the passage of the bills as originally introduced.

**NAVY YARD FIRE IS  
TO BE INVESTIGATED.**

Flames Discovered in Paymaster's Office  
Early Yesterday Morning Did but  
Little Damage.

A Board of Inquiry will be appointed to-day to investigate the cause of the fire in the office of the paymaster at the Navy Yard at 1 a. m. yesterday. From a superficial examination it is thought that the steam pipes running under the paymaster's desk became overheated and set fire to some loose papers on the floor.

A guard discovered the blaze and the marines extinguished the flames after they had done \$30 damage.

Paymaster Wright left his office at 4 p. m. Saturday, and no one was in the building after he went away.

**MENINGITIS IS EPIDEMIC.**

Thirty Cases at Albany, Ga., and the  
Government Will Investigate.

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 19.—Dr. J. J. Kilgus, of the United States Marine Hospital Service, is here on his way to Albany, Ga., to investigate a strange condition of affairs at that place. There is an epidemic of meningitis, thirty cases being reported. This is one of the first epidemics of this disease ever known.

There are thirty cases of meningitis at Albany, Ga., and the Government will investigate.

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## A "HOLD UP" IN PLAIN VIEW OF THOUSANDS.

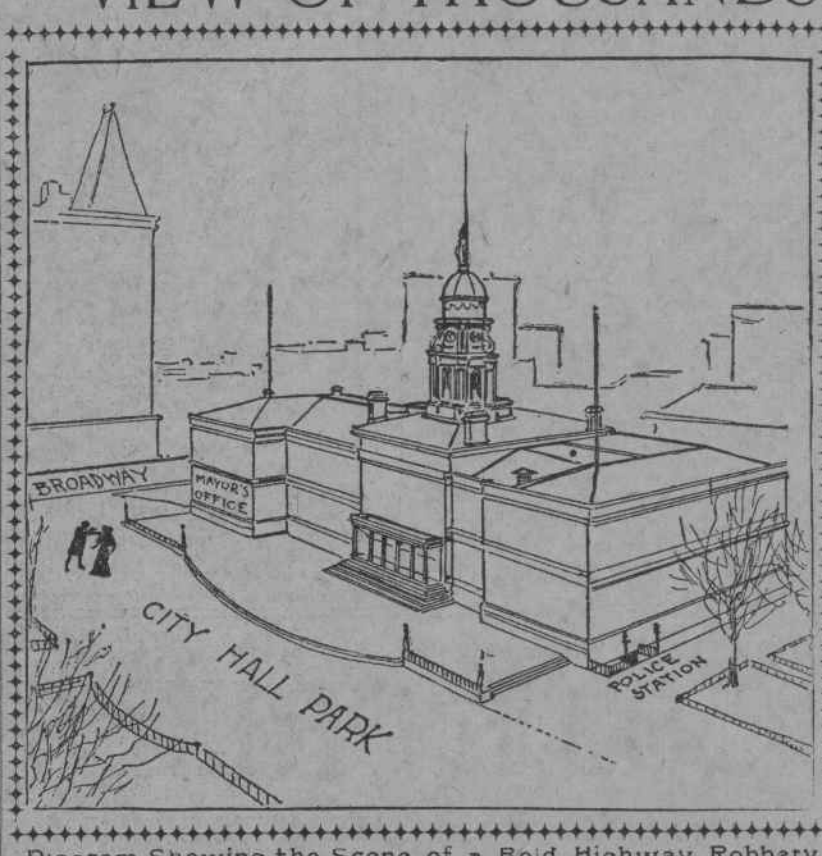


Diagram Showing the Scene of a Bold Highway Robbery.

The most daring hold-up of recent record in this city was perpetrated just after dark on Saturday evening in City Hall Park, within hearing distance if not in sight of perhaps a thousand people, almost within reaching distance of a policeman, and within half a block of the City Hall. It was almost at the junction of this side path and the plaza, under the shadow of the office of the Mayor, that the robbery occurred. The electric lights in the park were burning, but at this particular point the trees cast shadows.

Miss Meyerdecks walked across the park from Broadway, hurrying, as was every one else, through the rain. Just as she reached the west end of the City Hall a man stepped out of the shadow and caught her by the throat. He was very calm and business like.

The great evening rush across the park for the "L" and Bridge trains was not over, newsmen were running here and there and Policeman Farrell, of the City Hall station, was leisurely patrolling the side path leading off from the main plaza at the west end of the City Hall. It was almost at the junction of this side path and the plaza, under the shadow of the office of the Mayor, that the robbery occurred.

The electric lights in the park were burning, but at this particular point the trees cast shadows.

Miss Meyerdecks walked across the park from Broadway, hurrying, as was every one else, through the rain. Just as she reached the west end of the City Hall a man stepped out of the shadow and caught her by the throat. He was very calm and business like.

"If you scream I'll strangle you to death," said rapidly. With his disengaged hand he took her purse, which contained \$5, a gold handled penknife and a scarfpin worth about \$10. The whole business did not take up ten seconds.

"Now, you stand here," said the man, releasing his grip on her throat, "until you count one hundred. If you make any noise before that my pal will jump out of the bushes there and do you up."

The young woman hysterically promised to do as she was told, whereupon the highwayman calmly stroled off through the plaza in the direction of Broadway.

Miss Meyerdecks waited until he had gone about four paces and then she lifted up her voice in appeals for help. Abraham Apeleson, of No. 108 Varick street, who had been a stumped witness of the affair, also lifted his voice, and Policeman Farrell ran up. The thief had quickened his steps, and was disappearing in the gloom, but Farrell caught him. He was identified by Miss Meyerdecks and Apeleson.

The man refused to give his name. He froze Broadway, hurrying, as was every one else, through the rain. Just as she reached the west end of the City Hall a man stepped out of the shadow and caught her by the throat. He was very calm and business like.

**If One  
Thing Is  
Wrong In It,**

your entire advertisement may become unprofitable.

It is my business to find out the little wrong points in your advertising and show you how to make it more nearly perfect. I don't charge much for doing it, either.

I will send you a book about my work if you are in business and will mention that you saw this advertisement in the Journal.

**Chas. F. Jones,**  
Writer, Suite 42, World Bldg.,  
Illustrator  
and Director of  
Advertising.